

TASEKO REPORTS SECOND QUARTER 2014 RESULTS

This release should be read with the Company's Financial Statements and Management Discussion & Analysis ("MD&A"), available at www.tasekomines.com and filed on www.sedar.com. Except where otherwise noted, all currency amounts are stated in Canadian dollars. Taseko's 75% owned Gibraltar Mine is located north of the City of Williams Lake in south-central British Columbia. Production volumes stated in this release are on a 100% basis unless otherwise indicated.

July 30, 2014, Vancouver, BC – Taseko Mines Limited (TSX: TKO; NYSE MKT: TGB) ("Taseko" or the "Company") reports the results for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014.

Second Quarter Highlights

- Second quarter 2014 earnings from mining operations before depletion and amortization* increased to \$26.7 million from \$19.4 million in the first quarter 2014, a 38% increase over the first quarter and 107% increase over the second quarter 2013.
- Cash flows from operations were \$13.6 million, and this was achieved despite a \$6.8 million negative working capital adjustment related to timing of cash receipts from customers.
- Revenues for the second quarter 2014 were \$107.3 million, up 57% from the same period in 2013.
- The Gibraltar Mine produced 38.5 million pounds of copper and 667 thousand pounds of molybdenum in the second quarter, a 37% and 100% increase, respectively, over second quarter 2013.
- Total sales for the quarter were 38.7 million pounds of copper (100% basis), 39% higher than the second quarter 2013.

Russell Hallbauer, President and CEO of Taseko, commented, "Operational improvements at Gibraltar are now being reflected in our financial performance. The increase in operating profit is a combination of reduced operating costs and higher copper production in the second quarter. Gibraltar total operating costs decreased to \$2.12 per pound in the second quarter, 15% lower than the first quarter. This cost reduction is not only sustainable, but can be improved, especially as the copper grade and copper recoveries trend higher in the second half of 2014. Costs are also benefitting from a significantly higher by-product credit due to increased molybdenum production from the new molybdenum plant as well as a strengthened molybdenum price. We ended the quarter with a strong cash balance of \$77 million. We spent \$17 million in the quarter on principal and interest payments on our long-term debt."

"In addition, we continue to invest in our Aley Project, now nearing completion of the metallurgical test work", Mr. Hallbauer added. "During the quarter, we successfully achieved the targeted niobium recovery rate, which is now repeatable in lock-cycle tests. The project team is currently working on the final step of the process which is the treatment of the niobium concentrate."

*Non-GAAP performance measure. See end of news release.

“Following the decision by one of our independent Board members, Wayne Kirk, to not stand for re-election at the AGM, we decided to change the composition of our Board of Directors by replacing a non-independent director, Scott Cousens, with an independent director who also represents a significant shareholder of the Company. George Ireland, who is the Chief Investment Officer and Managing Member of Geologic Resource Partners LLC, has joined the Board bringing over 30 years of experience in all aspects of the resource sector to Taseko. I believe having a major shareholder representative on our Board rounds out the skillset of the existing members. I would like to thank Scott for the many years he served as a Taseko Director as he was instrumental in building Taseko to the company it is today.” concluded Mr. Hallbauer.

HIGHLIGHTS

Financial Data (Cdn\$ in thousands, except for per share amounts)	Three months ended June 30,			Six months ended June 30,		
	2014	2013	Change	2014	2013	Change
Revenues	107,307	68,191	39,116	212,303	128,341	83,962
Earnings from mining operations before depletion and amortization*	26,665	12,923	13,742	46,104	32,516	13,588
Earnings from mining operations	13,334	4,592	8,742	22,121	17,806	4,315
Net earnings (loss)	2,628	(14,721)	17,349	(6,520)	(25,203)	18,683
Per share - basic (“EPS”)	0.01	(0.08)	0.09	(0.03)	(0.13)	0.10
Adjusted net earnings (loss)*	(2,172)	(10,177)	8,005	(4,881)	(13,010)	8,128
Per share - basic (“adjusted EPS”)*	(0.01)	(0.05)	0.04	(0.03)	(0.07)	0.04
EBITDA*	23,336	(2,171)	25,507	32,194	(2,495)	34,689
Adjusted EBITDA*	19,217	3,888	15,329	33,811	13,763	20,048
Cash flows provided by (used for) operations	13,551	25,731	(12,180)	36,852	21,987	14,865

Operating Data (Gibraltar - 100% basis)	Q2 2014	Q1 2014	Q4 2013	Q3 2013	Q2 2013
Copper contained in concentrate and copper cathode					
Production (million pounds Cu)	38.5	34.5	33.5	36.7	28.1
Sales (million pounds Cu)	38.7	40.0	37.0	26.6	27.8
Inventory (million pounds Cu)	4.1	4.4	10.1	13.6	3.5
Per unit data (US\$ per pound)*					
Operating costs of production*	\$2.11	\$2.19	\$1.88	\$1.95	\$2.09
By-product credits	(0.35)	(0.21)	(0.18)	(0.04)	(0.15)
Net operating costs of production*	\$1.76	\$1.98	\$1.70	\$1.91	\$1.94
Off-property costs	0.36	0.50	0.44	0.30	0.40
Total operating costs*	\$2.12	\$2.48	\$2.14	\$2.21	\$2.34

*Non-GAAP performance measure. See page19 of this MD&A.



HIGHLIGHTS - CONTINUED

- Second quarter earnings from mining operations before depletion and amortization were \$26.7 million, a 38% increase from the previous quarter and up 107% from the second quarter of 2013;
- Total sales for the second quarter of 2014 were 38.1 million pounds of contained copper in concentrate and 0.6 million pounds of copper cathode (100% basis);
- Net operating costs of production declined to US\$1.76 per pound produced from US\$1.98 per pound produced in the first quarter of 2013;
- Second quarter copper production at Gibraltar increased to 38.5 million pounds (100% basis), a 37% increase over the second quarter of 2013. Gibraltar mine is now operating at the design capacity of its recent expansion and the focus is now on increasing recoveries to further increase copper production;
- Copper head grade was 0.285% in the second quarter, which is below the Granite pit average grade. Copper grade is expected to trend toward the Granite pit average in the second half of 2014;
- Copper recoveries were 85.3% and molybdenum recoveries were 41.4%;
- The Gibraltar SX/EW plant recommenced operations in April 2014 and produced 0.9 million pounds of copper cathode in the second quarter of 2014;
- The Company generated cash flows from operations of \$13.5 million in the second quarter of 2014, and this was achieved despite \$6.8 million of negative working capital adjustments primarily related to the timing of cash receipts from customers;
- The Company ended the second quarter of 2014 with a cash balance of \$77.4 million; and
- Canada's highest court issued a historic decision by formally declaring aboriginal title to exist in a defined area of British Columbia historically occupied by the Tsilhqot'in people. The ruling confirms that Taseko's New Prosperity Gold-Copper project is located in an area where aboriginal title does not exist.

REVIEW OF OPERATIONS

Gibraltar mine (75% Owned)

Operating results in the following table are presented on a 100% basis.

Operating Data (100% basis)	Q2 2014	Q1 2014	Q4 2013	Q3 2013	Q2 2013
Tons mined (millions)	30.2	25.9	21.5	22.6	22.7
Tons milled (millions)	7.7	7.0	7.6	6.8	5.8
Strip ratio	3.1	2.8	3.9	2.6	3.3
Copper concentrate					
Grade (%)	0.285	0.290	0.270	0.315	0.281
Recovery (%)	85.3	84.6	81.7	85.9	85.8
Production (million pounds Cu)	37.6	34.5	33.5	36.7	28.1
Sales (million pounds Cu)	38.1	40.0	37.0	26.6	27.8
Inventory (million pounds Cu)	3.9	4.4	10.1	13.6	3.5
Copper cathode					
Production (million pounds)	0.9	-	-	-	-
Sales (million pounds)	0.6	-	-	-	-
Molybdenum concentrate					
Grade (%)	0.011	0.009	0.010	0.012	0.011
Recovery (%)	41.4	42.5	34.8	17.5	26.4
Production (thousand pounds Mo)	667	566	480	284	333
Sales (thousand pounds Mo)	731	589	499	110	317
Per unit data (US\$ per pound) *					
Operating costs of production *	\$2.11	\$2.19	\$1.88	\$1.95	\$2.09
By-product credits *	(0.35)	(0.21)	(0.18)	(0.04)	(0.15)
Net operating costs of production *	\$1.76	\$1.98	\$1.70	\$1.91	\$1.94
Off-property costs	0.36	0.50	0.44	0.30	0.40
Total operating costs *	\$2.12	\$2.48	\$2.14	\$2.21	\$2.34

*Non-GAAP performance measure. See page 19 of this MD&A

Gibraltar mine operated at its design capacity of 85,000 tons per day in the second quarter of 2014. Total mill throughput for the second quarter was 7.7 million tons, an increase of 32% over tons milled in the second quarter 2013. Total copper production for the quarter was 38.5 million pounds, a 37% increase over pounds produced in the second quarter of 2013.

A total of 30.2 million tons were mined in the second quarter, a 33% increase over the second quarter of 2013. The shovel mechanical availability issues present in the first quarter of 2014 have been resolved and for much of the second quarter the mining fleet was operating at target rates.



REVIEW OF OPERATIONS - CONTINUED

Molybdenum production for the second quarter of 2014 was 667,000 pounds, a 200% increase over the second quarter of 2013 and an 18% increase over the previous quarter, due to higher head grades and increased mill throughput.

Molybdenum recoveries were 41.4% for the second quarter, a 56% increase over the second quarter of 2013 and consistent with the previous quarter. Management's focus is on improving molybdenum recoveries to achieve the design recovery of 50%.

After 18 months of reconditioning the oxide dumps to improve the recovery of oxide copper, the Gibraltar SX/EW plant successfully recommenced operations with production of 0.9 million pounds of copper cathode in the second quarter of 2014.

In the second quarter of 2014, net operating costs per pound of copper produced were US\$1.76, a 12% decrease over the US\$1.98 per pound in the previous quarter. This decrease was primarily due to increased by-product credits as a result of the improved performance in the new molybdenum plant and increasing molybdenum prices during the quarter. Also contributing to the decreased unit cost were reduced maintenance costs as the mine fleet, specifically the shovels, returned to normal operating utilization. Mill operating costs were slightly higher than the first quarter due to scheduled mill liner replacements.

Off property costs, including transportation, treatment and refining charges, for the second quarter of 2014 were \$0.36 per pound produced, compared to \$0.40 per pound produced in the second quarter of 2013. The off property costs in the second quarter of 2014 were reduced by credits for port handling fees. Off property costs are driven by sales volumes, and therefore off property costs per pound produced fluctuates based on differences between production and sales volumes.

The total operating costs, including off-property costs, for the second quarter of 2014 were \$2.12 per pound produced, lower when compared to the \$2.34 per pound produced in the second quarter of 2013.

Taseko will host a conference call on Thursday, July 31, 2014 at 11:00 a.m. Eastern Time (8:00 a.m. Pacific) to discuss these results. The conference call may be accessed by dialing (877) 303-9079 or (970) 315-0461 internationally. Alternatively, a live and archived webcast will also be available at tasekomines.com. The conference call will be archived for later playback until August 6, 2014 and can be accessed by dialing (855) 859-2056 in Canada and the United States, or (404) 537-3406 internationally and using the passcode 64898385

For further information contact: Brian Bergot, Investor Relations – 778-373-4554, toll free 1-800-667-2114

Russell Hallbauer
President and CEO

No regulatory authority has approved or disapproved of the information in this news release.

NON-GAAP PERFORMANCE MEASURES

This document includes certain non-GAAP performance measures that do not have a standardized meaning prescribed by IFRS. These measures may differ from those used by, and may not be comparable to such measures as reported by, other issuers. The Company believes that these measures are commonly used by certain investors, in conjunction with conventional IFRS measures, to enhance their understanding of the Company's performance. These measures have been derived from the Company's financial statements and applied on a consistent basis. The following tables below provide a reconciliation of these non-GAAP measures to the most directly comparable IFRS measure.

Net operating costs of production

Total costs of sales include all costs absorbed into inventory, as well as treatment and refining costs and transportation costs. Operating costs of production is calculated by removing net changes in inventory and depletion and amortization from cost of sales. Net operating costs of production is calculated by removing by-product credits and offsite costs from the operating costs of production. Net operating costs of production per pound are calculated by dividing the aggregate of the applicable costs by copper pounds produced. Total operating costs per pound is the sum of net operating costs of production and offsite costs divided by the copper pounds produced. By-product credits are calculated based on actual sales of molybdenum and silver during the period divided by the total pounds of copper produced during the period. These measures are calculated on a consistent basis for the periods presented.

(Cdn\$ in thousands, unless otherwise indicated) – 75% basis	Three Months ended June 30,		Six Months ended June 30,	
	2014	2013	2014	2013
<i>Cost of sales</i>	93,973	63,599	190,182	110,535
Less Depletion and amortization	(13,331)	(8,331)	(23,983)	(14,710)
Net change in inventory	(3,113)	(1,641)	(11,735)	4,561
<i>Operating costs of production</i>	77,529	53,627	154,464	100,386
Less by-product credits:				
Molybdenum	(10,084)	(2,517)	(15,174)	(5,252)
Silver	(1,047)	(763)	(2,059)	(1,719)
Less offsite costs:				
Treatment and refining costs	(7,287)	(4,085)	(14,989)	(7,497)
Transportation costs	(4,012)	(4,397)	(10,524)	(7,730)
<i>Net operating costs of production</i>	55,099	41,865	111,718	78,188
Total copper produced (thousand pounds)	28,858	21,059	54,764	38,479
Net operating costs of production (CAD per pound)	1.90	1.99	2.03	2.03
Average exchange rate for the period (CAD/USD)	1.0902	1.0235	1.0968	1.0161
Net operating costs of production (US\$ per pound)	1.76	1.94	1.86	2.0
<i>Net operating costs of production</i>	55,099	41,865	111,718	78,188
Add offsite costs:				
Treatment and refining costs	7,287	4,085	14,989	7,497
Transportation costs	4,012	4,397	10,524	7,730
<i>Total operating costs</i>	66,398	50,347	137,231	93,415
Total operating costs (US\$ per pound)	2.12	2.34	2.28	2.39

Adjusted net earnings

Adjusted net earnings removes the effect of the following transactions from net earnings as reported under IFRS:

- Unrealized gains/losses on derivative instruments;
- Write down of marketable securities;
- Unrealized foreign currency gains/losses; and
- Non-recurring transactions, including non-recurring tax adjustments.

Management believes these transactions do not reflect the underlying operating performance of our core mining business and are not necessarily indicative of future operating results. Furthermore, unrealized gains/losses on derivative instruments, changes in the fair value of financial instruments, and unrealized foreign currency gains/losses are not necessarily reflective of the underlying operating results for the reporting periods presented.

	Three months ended June 30,		Six months ended June 30,	
(\$ in thousands, except per share amounts)	2014	2013	2014	2013
Net (loss) earnings	2,628	(14,721)	(6,520)	(25,203)
Unrealized loss (gain) on derivatives	2,660	(4,830)	(84)	(6,815)
Unrealized foreign exchange (gains)/losses	(7,198)	6,526	1,282	9,753
Write down of marketable securities	419	4,363	419	13,750
Non-recurring other expenses (income)	-	-	-	(430)
Estimated tax effect of adjustments	(681)	(1,515)	22	(4,065)
Adjusted net earnings (loss)	(2,172)	(10,177)	(4,881)	(13,010)
Adjusted EPS	(0.01)	(0.05)	(0.03)	(0.07)

EBITDA and adjusted EBITDA

EBITDA represents net earnings before interest, income taxes, and depreciation. EBITDA is presented because it is an important supplemental measure of our performance and is frequently used by securities analysts, investors and other interested parties in the evaluation of companies in the industry, many of which present EBITDA when reporting their results. Issuers of "high yield" securities also present EBITDA because investors, analysts and rating agencies consider it useful in measuring the ability of those issuers to meet debt service obligations. The Company believes EBITDA is an appropriate supplemental measure of debt service capacity, because cash expenditures on interest are, by definition, available to pay interest, and tax expense is inversely correlated to interest expense because tax expense goes down as deductible interest expense goes up; depreciation is a non-cash charge.

Adjusted EBITDA is presented as a further supplemental measure of the Company's performance and ability to service debt. Adjusted EBITDA is prepared by adjusting EBITDA to eliminate the impact of a number of items that are not considered indicative of ongoing operating performance.

Adjusted EBITDA is calculated by adding to EBITDA certain items of expense and deducting from EBITDA certain items of income that are not likely to recur or are not indicative of the Company's future operating performance consisting of:

- Unrealized gains/losses on derivative instruments;
- Write down of marketable securities;
- Foreign currency translation gains/losses; and
- Non-recurring transactions.

While some of the adjustments are recurring gains/losses on the sale of marketable securities do not reflect the underlying performance of the Company's core mining business and are not necessarily indicative of future results. Furthermore, unrealized gains/losses on derivative instruments, foreign currency translation gains/losses and changes in the fair value of financial instruments are not necessarily reflective of the underlying operating results for the reporting periods presented.

	Three months ended June 30,		Six months ended June 30,	
(Cdn\$ in thousands, except per share amounts)	2014	2013	2014	2013
Net earnings (loss)	2,628	(14,721)	(6,520)	(25,203)
Add:				
Depreciation	13,380	8,461	24,115	14,979
Amortization of stock based compensation	478	213	2,561	1,568
Finance expense	6,535	5,761	13,182	8,054
Interest income	(942)	(1,965)	(2,064)	(3,440)
Income tax expense (recovery)	1,257	80	920	1,547
EBITDA	23,336	(2,171)	32,194	(2,495)
Adjustments:				
Unrealized (gain)/loss on derivative instruments	2,660	(4,830)	(84)	(6,815)
Write-down of marketable securities	419	4,363	419	13,750
Non-recurring other expenses (income)	-	-	-	430
Foreign currency translation (gains) losses	(7,198)	6,526	1,282	9,753
Adjusted EBITDA	19,217	3,888	33,811	13,763

Earnings from mining operations before depletion and amortization

Earnings from mining operations before depletion and amortization is earnings from mining operations with depletion and amortization added back. The Company discloses this measure, which has been derived from our financial statements and applied on a consistent basis, to provide assistance in understanding the results of the Company's operations and financial position and it is meant to provide further information about the financial results to investors.

	Three months ended June 30,		Six months ended June 30,	
(Cdn\$ in thousands, except per share amounts)	2014	2013	2014	2013
Earnings from mining operations	13,334	4,592	22,121	17,806
Add:				
Depletion and amortization	13,331	8,331	23,983	14,710
Earnings from mining operations before depletion and amortization	26,665	12,923	46,104	32,516



CAUTION REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING INFORMATION

This document contains “forward-looking statements” that were based on Taseko’s expectations, estimates and projections as of the dates as of which those statements were made. Generally, these forward-looking statements can be identified by the use of forward-looking terminology such as “outlook”, “anticipate”, “project”, “target”, “believe”, “estimate”, “expect”, “intend”, “should” and similar expressions.

Forward-looking statements are subject to known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause the Company’s actual results, level of activity, performance or achievements to be materially different from those expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. These included but are not limited to:

- uncertainties and costs related to the Company’s exploration and development activities, such as those associated with continuity of mineralization or determining whether mineral resources or reserves exist on a property;
- uncertainties related to the accuracy of our estimates of mineral reserves, mineral resources, production rates and timing of production, future production and future cash and total costs of production and milling;
- uncertainties related to feasibility studies that provide estimates of expected or anticipated costs, expenditures and economic returns from a mining project;
- uncertainties related to our ability to complete the mill upgrade on time estimated and at the scheduled cost;
- uncertainties related to the ability to obtain necessary licenses permits for development projects and project delays due to third party opposition;
- uncertainties related to unexpected judicial or regulatory proceedings;
- changes in, and the effects of, the laws, regulations and government policies affecting our exploration and development activities and mining operations, particularly laws, regulations and policies;
- changes in general economic conditions, the financial markets and in the demand and market price for copper, gold and other minerals and commodities, such as diesel fuel, steel, concrete, electricity and other forms of energy, mining equipment, and fluctuations in exchange rates, particularly with respect to the value of the U.S. dollar and Canadian dollar, and the continued availability of capital and financing;
- the effects of forward selling instruments to protect against fluctuations in copper prices and exchange rate movements and the risks of counterparty defaults, and mark to market risk;
- the risk of inadequate insurance or inability to obtain insurance to cover mining risks;
- the risk of loss of key employees; the risk of changes in accounting policies and methods we use to report our financial condition, including uncertainties associated with critical accounting assumptions and estimates;
- environmental issues and liabilities associated with mining including processing and stock piling ore; and
- labour strikes, work stoppages, or other interruptions to, or difficulties in, the employment of labour in markets in which we operate mines, or environmental hazards, industrial accidents or other events or occurrences, including third party interference that interrupt the production of minerals in our mines.

For further information on Taseko, investors should review the Company’s annual Form 40-F filing with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission www.sec.gov and home jurisdiction filings that are available at www.sedar.com.

TASEKO MINES LIMITED

Management's Discussion and Analysis

This management's discussion and analysis ("MD&A") is intended to help the reader understand Taseko Mines Limited ("Taseko", "we", "our" or the "Company"), our operations, financial performance, and current and future business environment. This MD&A is intended to supplement and complement the condensed consolidated interim financial statements and notes thereto, prepared in accordance with IFRS for the six and three month periods ended June 30, 2014 (collectively, the "Financial Statements"). You are encouraged to review the Financial Statements in conjunction with your review of this MD&A and the most recent Form 40-F/Annual Information Form, which is available on the Canadian Securities Administrators' website at www.sedar.com and on the EDGAR section of the United States Securities and Exchange Commission's ("SEC") website at www.sec.gov.

This MD&A is prepared as of July 28, 2014. All dollar figures stated herein are expressed in Canadian dollars, unless otherwise specified.

Cautionary Statement on Forward-Looking Information

This discussion includes certain statements that may be deemed "forward-looking statements". All statements in this discussion, other than statements of historical facts, that address future production, reserve potential, exploration drilling, exploitation activities, and events or developments that the Company expects are forward-looking statements. Although we believe the expectations expressed in such forward-looking statements are based on reasonable assumptions, such statements are not guarantees of future performance and actual results or developments may differ materially from those in the forward-looking statements. Factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those in forward-looking statements include market prices, exploitation and exploration successes, continued availability of capital and financing and general economic, market or business conditions. Investors are cautioned that any such statements are not guarantees of future performance and actual results or developments may differ materially from those projected in the forward-looking statements. All of the forward-looking statements made in this MD&A are qualified by these cautionary statements. We disclaim any intention or obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statements whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, except to the extent required by applicable law. Further information concerning risks and uncertainties associated with these forward-looking statements and our business may be found in our most recent Form 40-F/Annual Information Form on file with the SEC and Canadian provincial securities regulatory authorities.

TASEKO MINES LIMITED

Management's Discussion and Analysis

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TASEKO MINES LIMITED

Management's Discussion and Analysis

OVERVIEW

Taseko Mines Limited ("Taseko" or "Company") is a mining company that seeks to create shareholder value by acquiring, developing, and operating large tonnage mineral deposits which, under conservative forward metal price assumptions, are potentially capable of supporting a mine for 10 years or longer. The Company's sole operating asset is the 75% owned Gibraltar Mine, a large copper/molybdenum mine located in central British Columbia. The Gibraltar Mine has undergone a major expansion in recent years and is now one of the largest copper mines in North America. Taseko also owns the New Prosperity gold-copper, Aley niobium and Harmony gold projects.

HIGHLIGHTS

Financial Data (Cdn\$ in thousands, except for per share amounts)	Three months ended June 30,			Six months ended June 30,		
	2014	2013	Change	2014	2013	Change
Revenues	107,307	68,191	39,116	212,303	128,341	83,962
Earnings from mining operations before depletion and amortization*	26,665	12,923	13,742	46,104	32,516	13,588
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Per share - basic ("EPS")	0.01	(0.08)	0.09	(0.03)	(0.13)	0.10
Adjusted net earnings (loss)*	(2,172)	(10,177)	8,005	(4,881)	(13,010)	8,128
Per share - basic ("adjusted EPS")*	(0.01)	(0.05)	0.04	(0.03)	(0.07)	0.04
EBITDA*	23,336	(2,171)	25,507	32,194	(2,495)	34,689
Adjusted EBITDA*	19,217	3,888	15,329	33,811	13,763	20,048
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Per unit data (US\$ per pound)*					
Operating costs of production*	\$2.11	\$2.19	\$1.88	\$1.95	\$2.09
By-product credits	(0.35)	(0.21)	(0.18)	(0.04)	(0.15)
Net operating costs of production*	\$1.76	\$1.98	\$1.70	\$1.91	\$1.94
Off-property costs	0.36	0.50	0.44	0.30	0.40
Total operating costs*	\$2.12	\$2.48	\$2.14	\$2.21	\$2.34

*Non-GAAP performance measure. See page 19 of this MD&A.

TASEKO MINES LIMITED

Management's Discussion and Analysis

HIGHLIGHTS - CONTINUED

- Second quarter earnings from mining operations before depletion and amortization were \$26.7 million, a 38% increase from the previous quarter and up 107% from the second quarter of 2013;
- Total sales for the second quarter of 2014 were 38.1 million pounds of contained copper in concentrate and 0.6 million pounds of copper cathode (100% basis);
- Net operating costs of production declined to US\$1.76 per pound produced from US\$1.98 per pound produced in the first quarter of 2013;
- Second quarter copper production at Gibraltar increased to 38.5 million pounds (100% basis), a 37% increase over the second quarter of 2013. Gibraltar mine is now operating at the design capacity of its recent expansion and the focus is now on increasing recoveries to further increase copper production;
- Copper head grade was 0.285% in the second quarter, which is below the Granite pit average grade. Copper grade is expected to trend toward the Granite pit average in the second half of 2014;
- Copper recoveries were 85.3% and molybdenum recoveries were 41.4%;
- The Gibraltar SX/EW plant recommenced operations in April 2014 and produced 0.9 million pounds of copper cathode in the second quarter of 2014;
- The Company generated cash flows from operations of \$13.5 million in the second quarter of 2014, and this was achieved despite \$6.8 million of negative working capital adjustments primarily related to the timing of cash receipts from customers;
- The Company ended the second quarter of 2014 with a cash balance of \$77.4 million; and
- Canada's highest court issued a historic decision by formally declaring aboriginal title to exist in a defined area of British Columbia historically occupied by the Tsilhqot'in people. The ruling confirms that Taseko's New Prosperity Gold-Copper project is located in an area where aboriginal title does not exist.

TASEKO MINES LIMITED

Management's Discussion and Analysis

REVIEW OF OPERATIONS

Gibraltar mine (75% Owned)

Operating results in the following table are presented on a 100% basis.

Operating Data (100% basis)	Q2 2014	Q1 2014	Q4 2013	Q3 2013	Q2 2013
Tons mined (millions)	30.2	25.9	21.5	22.6	22.7
Tons milled (millions)	7.7	7.0	7.6	6.8	5.8
Strip ratio	3.1	2.8	3.9	2.6	3.3
Copper concentrate					
Grade (%)	0.285	0.290	0.270	0.315	0.281
Recovery (%)	85.3	84.6	81.7	85.9	85.8
Production (million pounds Cu)	37.6	34.5	33.5	36.7	28.1
Sales (million pounds Cu)	38.1	40.0	37.0	26.6	27.8
Inventory (million pounds Cu)	3.9	4.4	10.1	13.6	3.5
Copper cathode					
Production (million pounds)	0.9	-	-	-	-
Sales (million pounds)	0.6	-	-	-	-
Molybdenum concentrate					
Grade (%)	0.011	0.009	0.010	0.012	0.011
Recovery (%)	41.4	42.5	34.8	17.5	26.4
Production (thousand pounds Mo)	667	566	480	284	333
Sales (thousand pounds Mo)	731	589	499	110	317
Per unit data (US\$ per pound) *					
Operating costs of production *	\$2.11	\$2.19	\$1.88	\$1.95	\$2.09
By-product credits *	(0.35)	(0.21)	(0.18)	(0.04)	(0.15)
Net operating costs of production *	\$1.76	\$1.98	\$1.70	\$1.91	\$1.94
Off-property costs	0.36	0.50	0.44	0.30	0.40
Total operating costs *	\$2.12	\$2.48	\$2.14	\$2.21	\$2.34

*Non-GAAP performance measure. See page 19 of this MD&A

TASEKO MINES LIMITED

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Gibraltar mine operated at its design capacity of 85,000 tons per day in the second quarter of 2014. Total mill throughput for the second quarter was 7.7 million tons, an increase of 32% over tons milled in the second quarter 2013. Total copper production for the quarter was 38.5 million pounds, a 37% increase over pounds produced in the second quarter of 2013.

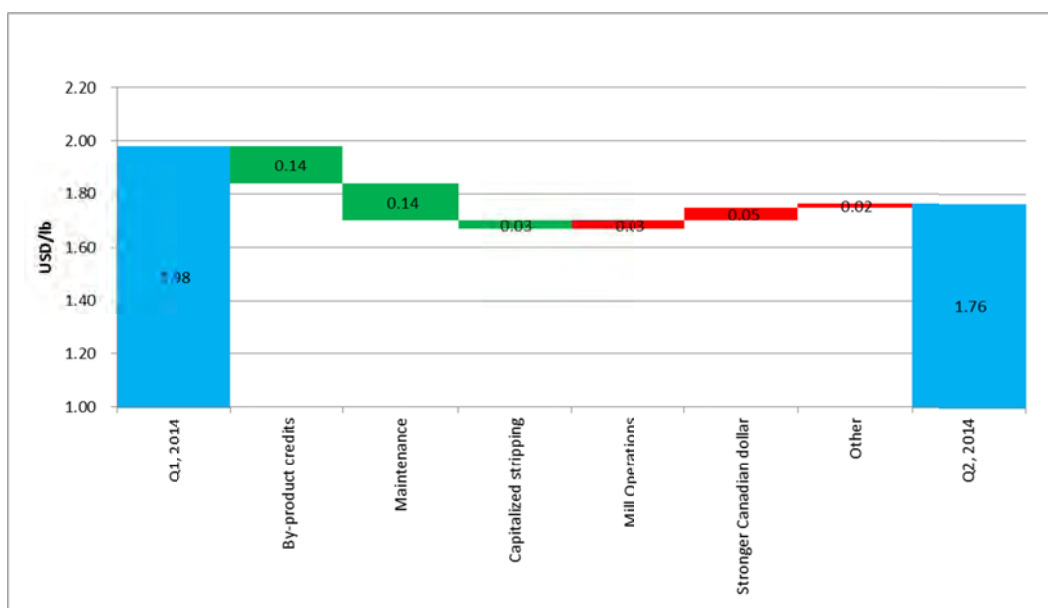
A total of 30.2 million tons were mined in the second quarter, a 33% increase over the second quarter of 2013. The shovel mechanical availability issues present in the first quarter of 2014 have been resolved and for much of the second quarter the mining fleet was operating at target rates.

Molybdenum production for the second quarter of 2014 was 667,000 pounds, a 200% increase over the second quarter of 2013 and an 18% increase over the previous quarter, due to higher head grades and increased mill throughput.

Molybdenum recoveries were 41.4% for the second quarter, a 56% increase over the second quarter of 2013 and consistent with the previous quarter. Management's focus is on improving molybdenum recoveries to achieve the design recovery of 50%.

After 18 months of reconditioning the oxide dumps to improve the recovery of oxide copper, the Gibraltar SX/EW plant successfully recommenced operations with production of 0.9 million pounds of copper cathode in the second quarter of 2014.

Net operating costs of production* per pound (Q1 2014 compared to Q2 2014)



*Non-GAAP performance measure. See page 19 of this MD&A

In the second quarter of 2014, net operating costs per pound of copper produced were US\$1.76, a 12% decrease over the US\$1.98 per pound in the previous quarter. This decrease was primarily due to increased by-product credits as a result of the improved performance in the new molybdenum plant and increasing molybdenum prices during the quarter. Also contributing to the decreased unit cost were reduced maintenance costs as the mine fleet, specifically the shovels, returned to normal operating utilization. Mill operating costs were slightly higher than the first quarter due to scheduled mill liner replacements.

TASEKO MINES LIMITED

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Off property costs, including transportation, treatment and refining charges, for the second quarter of 2014 were \$0.36 per pound produced, compared to \$0.40 per pound produced in the second quarter of 2013. The off property costs in the second quarter of 2014 were reduced by credits for port handling fees. Off property costs are driven by sales volumes, and therefore off property costs per pound produced fluctuates based on differences between production and sales volumes.

The total operating costs, including off-property costs, for the second quarter of 2014 were \$2.12 per pound produced, lower when compared to the \$2.34 per pound produced in the second quarter of 2013.

REVIEW OF PROJECTS

New Prosperity project

On June 26, 2014 the Supreme Court of Canada declared aboriginal title existed in a defined area of British Columbia historically occupied by the Tsilhqot'in people. While the court decision itself has no direct bearing on the current regulatory status of the project, it clarifies the issue of aboriginal rights and title in the general area of New Prosperity, a complicating factor in advancing the project. The decision is clear - the project is located outside the legally declared title area. With the matter now settled, the opportunity exists for a constructive and mutually beneficial way forward for all parties - Taseko, aboriginal communities, federal and provincial governments.

The Company has initiated two judicial reviews, challenging the federal environmental assessment process and the Federal Government's decision to not issue the authorizations necessary for the project to advance. The Company expects that it will take several more months before these matters are heard in court.

Aley project

During the second quarter of 2014, the project team continued to refine the successful modification made to the recovery process and the expectation is that the flow sheet will be finalized shortly.

TASEKO MINES LIMITED

Management's Discussion and Analysis

MARKET REVIEW



Prices (USD per pound for Commodities) (Source: Bloomberg)

Copper traded up to a four-month high price at the end of the second quarter 2014, up six percent during the quarter to US\$3.18 per pound. Supporting the upward pricing trend was a continued decline of global copper stocks, which dropped a further 46% during the quarter to approximately 250,000 tonnes, which represents less than five days of global copper consumption.

Economic news in the quarter has also contributed to the strengthening copper price. Following a weak first quarter of 2014, the US economy appears to be strengthening. The Chinese economy has also strengthened with expectations of better than seven percent growth for the second quarter. New laws regarding mineral exports in Indonesia have also contributed to the strengthening copper price.

Molybdenum provides an important by-product credit (reduces operating costs per pound of copper) at Gibraltar. In the second quarter of 2014 the molybdenum price climbed to a high of US\$14.75 per pound, its highest level since early 2012.

The Canadian dollar strengthened towards the end of the second quarter of 2014, ending 3% higher than the first quarter at 0.9371 to the US dollar. The overall weaker Canadian dollar, when compared to previous fiscal years, has yielded positive results for our operations, which are affected by the Canadian dollar/US dollar exchange rate. Our product sales are denominated in US dollars, while the majority of our operating expenses are denominated in Canadian dollars.

Fluctuations in the Canadian dollar/US dollar exchange rate can have a significant effect on our operating results and the net operating costs of production, which is reported in US dollar per pound.

TASEKO MINES LIMITED

Management's Discussion and Analysis

FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

Earnings

Earnings from mining operations increased to \$13.3 million in the second quarter of 2014 from \$4.6 million in the second quarter of 2013, primarily due to increased revenues and lower unit operating costs partially offset by increased depletion and amortization. The increased revenues are a result of Taseko's share of Gibraltar's copper sales volumes increasing to 29 million pounds in the second quarter of 2014 from 20.8 million pounds in the second quarter of 2013, partially offset by lower realized copper prices. The increased copper sales volumes are a result of the increased production from the Gibraltar Mine expansion, which ramped up during 2013.

In the second quarter of 2014, the Company realized net earnings of \$2.6 million (\$0.01 per share), compared to a net loss of \$14.7 million (\$0.08 per share) in the second quarter of 2013.

In the six month period ended June 30, 2014 the Company realized a net loss of \$6.5 million (\$0.03 per share), compared to a net loss of \$25.2 million (\$0.13 per share) in the prior year's period. The decline in net loss is driven by increased copper production combined with decreased unit operating costs.

Included in net earnings are a number of items that management believes require adjustment in order to better measure the underlying performance of the business. These items are in the table below:

(Cdn\$ in thousands)	Three months ended June 30,			Six months ended June 30,		
	2014	2013	Change	2014	2013	Change
Net (loss) earnings	2,628	(14,721)	17,349	(6,520)	(25,203)	18,683
Unrealized loss (gain) on derivatives	2,660	(4,830)	7,490	(84)	(6,815)	6,731
Unrealized foreign exchange (gains)/losses	(7,198)	6,526	(13,724)	1,282	9,753	(8,471)
Write down of marketable securities	419	4,363	(3,944)	419	13,750	(13,331)
Non-recurring other expenses (income)	-	-	-	-	(430)	430
Estimated tax effect of adjustments	(681)	(1,515)	834	22	(4,065)	4,086
Adjusted net earnings (loss) *	(2,172)	(10,177)	8,005	(4,881)	(13,010)	8,128

*Non-GAAP performance measure. See page 19 of this MD&A

Unrealized gains/losses on derivatives can vary materially each period and have a significant impact on earnings. These amounts represent the change in fair value of our copper put options during the period.

Any impairment in the value of the Company's marketable securities is written down through profit and loss. For the three month period ended June 30, 2014, the Company determined an impairment loss of \$0.4 million was required due to decline in fair value of one of its investments.

The foreign currency translation impact and the unrealized gains and losses on the derivative instruments are removed from the adjusted net earnings measure as they are not indicative of a realized economic gain/loss or the underlying performance of the business in the period. In the second quarter of 2014 the Canadian dollar strengthened in comparison to the immediate prior quarter, this partially reversed a prior recognized foreign exchange loss on Taseko's senior debt denominated in US dollars. The impact was a foreign exchange gain of \$7.2 million for the quarter.

TASEKO MINES LIMITED

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Revenues

(Cdn\$ in thousands)	Three months ended June 30,			Six months ended June 30,		
	2014	2013	Change	2014	2013	Change
Copper in concentrate	94,755	64,911	29,844	193,649	121,337	72,312
Copper cathode	1,421	-	1,421	1,421	33	1,388
Total copper sales	96,176	64,911	31,265	195,070	121,370	73,700
Molybdenum concentrate	10,084	2,517	7,567	15,174	5,252	9,922
Silver contained in copper concentrate	1,047	763	284	2,059	1,719	340
	107,307	68,191	39,116	212,303	128,341	83,962
(thousands of pounds, unless otherwise noted)						
Copper in concentrate	27,998	20,057	7,941	56,912	36,201	20,711
Copper cathode	424	-	424	424	-	424
Total copper sales	28,422	20,057	8,365	57,336	36,201	21,135
Average realized copper price (US\$ per pound)	3.16	3.16	(0.00)	3.12	3.30	(0.18)
Average LME copper price (US\$ per pound)	3.08	3.20	(0.12)	3.14	3.42	(0.28)

* This amount includes a net smelter payable deduction of approximately 3.5% to derive net pounds of copper sold.

Copper revenues for the second quarter of 2014 increased by \$31.3 million, or 48%, over the second quarter of 2013, due to a 37% increase in copper sales volumes offset by a 10% decrease in average realized copper prices.

The Company's average realized copper price for the second quarter 2014 was US\$3.16 per pound, compared to US\$3.16 for the second quarter of 2013. London Metals Exchange (LME) copper prices averaged US\$3.08 in second quarter 2014, also down 4% over the average realized in the second quarter 2013 of US\$3.20. The Company's average realized copper price is above the LME's average due to a portion of the Company's receivables being revalued in an increasing copper price environment.

Molybdenum revenues for the second quarter of 2014 totaled \$10.1 million, an increase of 300% over the \$2.5 million for the same quarter of 2013. The increase in revenues was due to a 131% increase in sales volumes combined with a 24% increase in the average realized molybdenum price over the second quarter of 2013.

Copper revenues for the first six month period of 2014 increased by \$73.7 million, or 61%, over the prior year period, due to a 58% increase in copper sales volumes combined with a 10% decrease in average realized copper prices.

Molybdenum revenues for the first six month period of 2014 increased by \$9.9 million, or 190%, over the second quarter of 2013, due to a 102% increase in molybdenum sales volumes combined with a 32% increase in average realized molybdenum prices.

The overall weakening of the Canadian dollar relative to the US dollar had a significant impact on the quarter when compared to the second quarter of 2013. Copper sales are denominated in US dollars, therefore when the US dollar strengthens against the Canadian dollar revenues increase.

TASEKO MINES LIMITED

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Cost of sales

(Cdn\$ in thousands)	Three months ended June 30,			Six months ended June 30,		
	2014	2013	Change	2014	2013	Change
Direct mining costs	66,230	45,145	21,085	128,951	85,159	43,792
Treatment and refining costs	7,287	4,085	3,202	14,989	7,497	7,492
Transportation costs	4,012	4,397	(385)	10,524	7,730	2,794
Changes in inventories of finished goods and WIP	3,113	1,641	1,472	11,735	(4,561)	16,296
Production costs	80,642	55,268	25,374	166,199	95,825	70,374
Depletion and amortization	13,331	8,331	5,000	23,983	14,710	9,273
Cost of sales	93,973	63,599	30,374	190,182	110,535	79,647

Contributing to the period-over-period increase in cost of sales for the second quarter 2014 was a 33% increase in tons mined and a 33% increase in tons milled. For the second quarter 2014, direct mining costs increased by 47% over the second quarter 2013, resulting from higher labour, consumables, fuel and power consumption associated with the increased production levels, as the commissioning of the new concentrator and ramp up of throughput in the mill did not commence until the second quarter of 2013 and was ramping up during that quarter.

Total treatment and refining costs and transportation have increased over the same quarter last year, mostly due to the 33% increase in copper sales over the second quarter of 2013 and the strengthening US dollar.

Contributing to the period-over-period increase in cost of sales for the first six months of 2014 was a 24% increase in tons mined and a 46% increase in tons milled. For the six month period ended 2014, direct mining costs increased by 51% over the prior year period, resulting from higher labour, consumables, fuel and power consumption associated with the increased production levels, as the commissioning of the new concentrator and ramp up of throughput in the mill did not commence until the second quarter of 2013.

Depletion and amortization for the second quarter of 2014 was \$13.3 million, a 60% increase from the prior period quarter. The increase is due to a 33% increase in tons mined and milled and more onsite mobile mining equipment to enable a higher mining rate.

TASEKO MINES LIMITED

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Other expenses (income)

(Cdn\$ in thousands)	Three months ended June 30,			Six months ended June 30,		
	2014	2013	Change	2014	2013	Change
General and administrative	2,920	4,374	(1,454)	7,994	9,351	(1,357)
Exploration and evaluation	2,484	2,374	110	4,232	5,011	(779)
Other operating expenses (income):						
Realized loss on copper derivative instruments	1,501	3,074	(1,573)	3,163	6,147	(2,984)
Unrealized (gain) loss on copper derivative instruments	2,660	(4,830)	7,490	(84)	(6,815)	6,731
Other expense (income)	(344)	(282)	(62)	(1,429)	(993)	(436)

During the second quarter 2014, approximately \$1.6 million was spent on Aley and approximately \$0.7 million was spent on the New Prosperity project, compared to \$1.2 million and \$0.8 million, respectively, for the second quarter of 2013.

The \$2.7 million in unrealized loss on the copper derivative instruments is due to decreases in the fair value of the put options on the outstanding contracts for the remaining six months of 2014.

Finance income & expenses

Finance expenses for the second quarter of 2014 increased by \$0.8 million compared to the second quarter of 2013 due to additional equipment financing in the first half of 2014 and the effect of the strengthening US dollar on the US dollar denominated long term debt.

Finance income is primarily comprised of income earned on the promissory note and reclamation deposits. For the second quarter of 2014, finance income is lower than the prior year quarter due to lower interest earned on the reclamation deposits.

TASEKO MINES LIMITED

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Income tax

(Cdn\$ in thousands)	Three months ended June 30,			Six months ended June 30,		
	2014	2013	Change	2014	2013	Change
Current (recovery) expense	143	(7,695)	7,838	(91)	(7,395)	7,304
Deferred (recovery) expense	1,114	7,775	(6,661)	1,011	8,942	(7,931)
	1,257	80	1,177	920	1,547	(627)
Effective tax rate	32.4%	(0.01%)	32.4%	(16.4%)	(6.5%)	(9.9%)
Canadian statutory rate	26%	26.0%	-	26%	25.5%	0.5%
BC Mineral tax rate	9.6%	9.8%	(0.2%)	9.6%	9.8%	(0.2%)

Current tax expense consists of estimated of BC Mineral taxes, based on production at the Gibraltar mine and taking into account minor adjustments to prior year taxes.

The effective tax rate for the second quarter 2014 was 32.4%, which is lower than the statutory rate of 35.6%. The difference is a result of permanent differences related to non-deductible share-based compensation and expenditures incurred that are not deductible for BC Mineral tax, in addition to unrecognized tax benefits related to foreign exchange and the royalty obligation.

FINANCIAL CONDITION REVIEW

Balance sheet review

(Cdn\$ in thousands)	As at June 30,	As at	Change
	2014	December 31 2013	
Cash and equivalents	77,361	82,865	(5,504)
Other current assets	150,321	146,073	4,248
Non-current assets	754,421	741,290	13,131
Total assets	982,103	970,228	11,875
Current liabilities	115,178	116,909	(1,731)
Long-term debt	255,744	259,515	(3,771)
Other liabilities	184,266	167,588	16,678
Total liabilities	555,188	544,012	11,176
Equity	426,915	426,216	699
Working capital	112,504	112,029	475
Net debt	203,011	199,275	3,736
Total common shares outstanding (millions)	195.0	193.4	2

The Company's asset base is comprised principally of non-current assets, including property, plant and equipment, reflecting the capital intensive nature of the mining business. The current assets include cash, accounts receivable, other financial assets and inventories (supplies and production inventories), along with prepaid expenses and deposits. Production inventories, accounts receivable and cash balances fluctuate in relation to shipping and cash settlement schedules.

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Total liabilities increased from \$544 million at December 31, 2013 to \$555 million as at June 30, 2014. Current liabilities decreased by \$1.7 million, due to the reduction of \$15.4 million in the royalty obligation, offset by a \$11.7 million increase in current payables and a \$2 million increase in current portion of long term debt. Long-term liabilities increased by \$12.3 million mainly represented by a \$3.8 million decrease in long term debt (including the impact of foreign exchange translation) and a \$15.7-million increase in the provision for the environmental rehabilitation (PER).

The PER valuation was adjusted during the second quarter of 2014 for changes in estimated cash flows required to discharge the liability, along with a change in the discount rates. The Bank of Canada long-term benchmark bond rate used as a proxy for long-term discount rates decreased to 2.78% at June 30, 2014 from the 3.2% level at December 31, 2013. Given the long timeframe over which environmental rehabilitation expenditures are expected to be incurred (over 100 years), the amounts of the provision and asset are very sensitive to changes in discount rates.

As at July 28, 2014, there were 195,000,455 common shares outstanding. In addition, there were 11,832,000 director and employee stock options outstanding at July 28, 2014. More information on these instruments and the terms of their exercise is set out in note 21 of our 2013 annual financial statements.

Liquidity, cash flow and capital resources

At June 30, 2014, the Company had cash and equivalents of \$77.4 million, a \$5.5 million decrease over the \$82.9 million reported at December 31, 2013. We maintained our strategy of retaining significant liquidity to fund operations and to reflect the capital intensive nature of the business.

Operating cash flow for the second quarter 2014 was an inflow of \$13.5 million compared to an inflow of \$25.7 million for the prior-year quarter. Although revenues and earnings were higher in the second quarter of 2014 than the prior year quarter, operating cash flow was impacted in both periods by working capital adjustments related to accounts receivable and the timing of cash receipts.

Cash used in investing activities for the second quarter 2014 was \$6.4 million compared to \$0.8 million in the prior year quarter. The second quarter of 2014 outflow was primarily related to the purchase of property plant and equipment and capitalized stripping. The prior year quarter's major components were an outflow of \$18.4 on purchase of property, plant and equipment offset by an inflow of \$20 million from proceeds of highly liquid money market instruments. The decrease quarter over quarter of property plant and equipment purchase was due to the mine expansion completed in 2013.

Cash used for financing activities for the second quarter 2014 was \$15.3 million, primarily due to combined debt repayment and interest charges of \$17.4 million, offset by \$2.1 million in proceeds from the exercise of stock options. Cash used for financing activities for the prior-year quarter was \$1.9 million, primarily due to a combined debt repayment and interest charges of \$14.2 million, offset by \$1.6 million in proceeds on the issuance of common shares and \$10.7 million in proceeds on debt issuance.

Future changes in copper and molybdenum market prices could impact the timing and amount of cash available for future investment in capital projects and/or other uses of capital. To partially mitigate these risks, copper put options are entered into for a portion of our share of Gibraltar copper production. In addition to operating cash flows generated by the Gibraltar mine, alternate sources of funding for future capital or other liquidity needs may include, strategic partnerships, such as the Gibraltar joint venture and the Franco-Nevada gold stream transaction for the New Prosperity project, and debt or equity financings. These alternatives are regularly evaluated to determine the optimal mix of capital resources to address capital needs and to minimize the weighted average cost of capital.

TASEKO MINES LIMITED

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Hedging strategy

The Company's hedging strategy is to secure a minimum price for a portion of copper production using put options that are either purchased outright or funded by the sale of call options that are significantly out of the money. The amount and duration of the hedge position is based on an assessment of business-specific risk elements combined with the copper pricing outlook. Copper price and quantity exposure are reviewed at least quarterly to ensure that adequate revenue protection is in place. Hedge positions are typically extended adding incremental quarters at established put strike prices to provide the necessary price protection.

Considerations on the cost of the hedging program include an assessment of Gibraltar's estimated production costs, anticipated copper prices and the Company's capital requirements during the relevant period. The following table shows the commodity contracts that were outstanding as at the date of this document.

	Notional amount	Strike price	Term to maturity	Original cost
At July 28, 2014				
<i>Commodity contracts</i>				
Copper put option	14.6 million lbs	US\$3.00	Q3 2014	\$1.2 million
Copper put option	14.6 million lbs	US\$2.75	Q4 2014	\$1.8 million

The Company spent \$3.1 million in the six month period ended June 30, 2014 to acquire additional put options for the third and fourth quarters of 2014, at \$3.00/lb. and \$2.75/lb. respectively.

Commitments and contingencies

At June 30, 2014, the Company's share of capital and operating commitments totaled \$3.4 million and \$7.9 million respectively.

TASEKO MINES LIMITED

Management's Discussion and Analysis

SUMMARY OF QUARTERLY RESULTS

(\$ in thousands, except per share amounts)	2014		2013			2012		
	Q2	Q1	Q4	Q3	Q2	Q1	Q4	Q3
Revenues	107,307	104,996	94,916	66,799	68,191	60,150	62,878	60,999
Net earnings (loss)	2,628	(9,148)	(9,756)	120	(14,721)	(10,482)	(5,514)	(3,133)
Basic EPS	0.01	(0.05)	(0.05)	(0.00)	(0.08)	(0.05)	(0.03)	(0.02)
Adjusted net earnings (loss) *	(2,172)	(2,710)	834	(1,851)	(10,177)	(2,833)	(2,680)	2,453
Adjusted basic EPS *	(0.01)	(0.01)	(0.00)	(0.01)	(0.05)	(0.01)	(0.01)	0.01
EBITDA *	23,336	8,858	11,869	15,173	(2,171)	(591)	4,391	1,471
Adjusted EBITDA *	19,217	14,594	17,716	12,545	3,888	9,608	8,170	8,919
(US\$ per pound, except where indicated)								
Realized copper price *	3.16	3.10	3.18	3.33	3.52	3.47	3.48	3.64
Total operating costs *	2.12	2.48	2.14	2.21	2.34	2.45	2.72	2.50
Copper sales (million pounds)	28.4	28.9	27.0	18.9	20.1	16.1	17.4	16.1

*Non-GAAP performance measure. See page 19 of this MD&A

Financial results for the last eight quarters reflect: volatile copper prices that impact realized sale prices; variability in the quarterly sales volumes due to timing of shipments which impacts revenue recognition; and a trend of increasing absolute production costs caused by increasing production volumes.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ESTIMATES

The Company's significant accounting policies are presented in note 3.5 of the 2013 annual financial statements. The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised and in any future periods affected.

In the process of applying the Company's accounting policies, significant areas where judgment is required include the determination of a joint arrangement and recovery of other receivables.

Significant areas of estimation include reserve and resource estimation; asset valuations and the measurement of impairment charges or reversals; finished and in-process inventory quantities; plant and equipment lives; tax provisions; provisions for environmental rehabilitation; valuation of financial instruments and derivatives; deferred stripping costs and share-based compensation. Key estimates and assumptions made by management with respect to these areas have been disclosed in the notes to the financial statements and the 2013 annual consolidated financial statements as appropriate.

The accuracy of reserve and resource estimates is a function of the quantity and quality of available data and the assumptions made and judgment used in the engineering and geological interpretation, and may be subject to revision based on various factors. Changes in reserve and resource estimates may impact the carrying value of

TASEKO MINES LIMITED

Management's Discussion and Analysis

property, plant and equipment; the calculation of depreciation expense; the capitalization of stripping costs incurred during production; and the timing of cash flows related to the provision for environmental rehabilitation.

Changes in forecast prices of commodities, exchange rates, production costs and recovery rates may change the economic status of reserves and resources. Forecast prices of commodities, exchange rates, production costs and recovery rates, and discount rates assumptions, either individually or collectively, may impact the carrying value of derivative financial instruments, inventories, property, plant and equipment, and intangibles, as well as the measurement of impairment charges or reversals.

CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Financial instruments: presentation ("IAS 32")

The Company adopted IAS 32, Financial instruments: presentation ("IAS 32"), on January 1, 2014. IAS 32 establishes principles for presenting financial instruments as liabilities or equity and for offsetting financial assets and financial liabilities.

Based on the Company's analysis, IAS 32 did not have an impact on the consolidated financial statements for the current period or prior periods presented.

IFRIC Interpretation 21 Levies (IFRIC 21)

IFRIC 21 clarifies that an entity recognizes a liability for a levy when the activity that triggers payment, as identified by the relevant legislation, occurs. For a levy that is triggered upon reaching a minimum threshold, the Interpretation clarifies that no liability should be anticipated before the specified minimum threshold is reached.

Based on the Company's analysis, IFRIC 21 did not have an impact on the consolidated financial statements for the current period or prior periods presented.

INTERNAL CONTROLS OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND DISCLOSURE CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting and disclosure controls and procedures.

The Company's internal control system over financial reporting is designed to provide reasonable assurance to management and the Board of Directors regarding the preparation and fair presentation of published financial statements. Internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that:

- (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that in reasonable detail accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the Company;
- (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with IFRS, and that receipts and expenditures of the Company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the Company; and
- (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use or disposition of the Company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

The Company's internal control system over disclosure controls and procedures is designed to provide reasonable assurance that material information relating to the Company is made known to management and disclosed to others and information required to be disclosed by the Company in its annual filings, interim filings or

TASEKO MINES LIMITED

Management's Discussion and Analysis

other reports filed or submitted by us under securities legislation is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the securities legislation.

All internal control systems, no matter how well designed, have inherent limitations. Therefore, even those systems determined effective can provide only reasonable assurance with respect to financial reporting and disclosure.

There have been no changes in our internal controls over financial reporting and disclosure controls and procedures during the period ended June 30, 2014 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, internal control over financial reporting and disclosure.

CHANGE IN BOARD COMPOSITION

Mr. Wayne Kirk, did not stand for re-election as a director at the Company's AGM held on June 11, 2014. Following this decision the Company decided to change the composition of the Board of Directors by replacing a non-independent director with an independent director, and accordingly George Ireland was appointed as a director on July 7, 2014 and Scott Cousens resigned as a director of the Company. George Ireland is the Chief Investment Officer and Managing Member of Geologic Resource Partners LLC, a significant shareholder of the Company and brings over 30 years of experience in all aspects of the resource sector to Taseko.

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Key management personnel

Key management personnel include the members of the Board of Directors and executive officers of the Company.

During the three and six month period ended June 30 2014, the Company incurred total compensation expenses of \$1.6 million and \$4.8 million respectively for its key management personnel compared to \$2.3 million and \$4.9 million in the corresponding prior period.

TASEKO MINES LIMITED

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Other related parties

Hunter Dickinson Services Inc. ("HDSI") is a private company which has certain directors in common with the Company. HDSI carries out geological, engineering, corporate development, administrative, financial management, investor relations, and other management activities for the Company. The terms and conditions of the transactions are similar to transactions conducted on an arm's length basis. During the second quarter 2014, the Company incurred general and administrative expenses and exploration and evaluation expenses of \$1 million with HDSI compared to \$0.9 million for the second quarter of 2013.

The Gibraltar joint venture pays a management fee to Taseko for services rendered as operator of the Gibraltar mine. During the second quarter of 2014, the Company has earned \$0.28 million of other operating income for these services rendered, which is the same as the amounts earned in the second quarter of 2013.

During the first quarter 2014, the Company invested \$5.0 million in Curis Resources Ltd, a public company with one director in common, which holds mineral property interests.

NON-GAAP PERFORMANCE MEASURES

This document includes certain non-GAAP performance measures that do not have a standardized meaning prescribed by IFRS. These measures may differ from those used by, and may not be comparable to such measures as reported by, other issuers. The Company believes that these measures are commonly used by certain investors, in conjunction with conventional IFRS measures, to enhance their understanding of the Company's performance. These measures have been derived from the Company's financial statements and applied on a consistent basis. The following tables below provide a reconciliation of these non-GAAP measures to the most directly comparable IFRS measure.

TASEKO MINES LIMITED

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Net operating costs of production

Total costs of sales include all costs absorbed into inventory, as well as treatment and refining costs and transportation costs. Operating costs of production is calculated by removing net changes in inventory and depletion and amortization from cost of sales. Net operating costs of production is calculated by removing by-product credits and offsite costs from the operating costs of production. Net operating costs of production per pound are calculated by dividing the aggregate of the applicable costs by copper pounds produced. Total operating costs per pound is the sum of net operating costs of production and offsite costs divided by the copper pounds produced. By-product credits are calculated based on actual sales of molybdenum and silver during the period divided by the total pounds of copper produced during the period. These measures are calculated on a consistent basis for the periods presented.

	Three Months ended June 30,		Six Months ended June 30,	
(Cdn\$ in thousands, unless otherwise indicated) – 75% basis	2014	2013	2014	2013
<i>Cost of sales</i>	93,973	63,599	190,182	110,535
Less Depletion and amortization	(13,331)	(8,331)	(23,983)	(14,710)
Net change in inventory	(3,113)	(1,641)	(11,735)	4,561
<i>Operating costs of production</i>	77,529	53,627	154,464	100,386
Less by-product credits:				
Molybdenum	(10,084)	(2,517)	(15,174)	(5,252)
Silver	(1,047)	(763)	(2,059)	(1,719)
Less offsite costs:				
Treatment and refining costs	(7,287)	(4,085)	(14,989)	(7,497)
Transportation costs	(4,012)	(4,397)	(10,524)	(7,730)
<i>Net operating costs of production</i>	55,099	41,865	111,718	78,188
Total copper produced (thousand pounds)	28,858	21,059	54,764	38,479
Net operating costs of production (CAD per pound)	1.90	1.99	2.03	2.03
Average exchange rate for the period (CAD/USD)	1.0902	1.0235	1.0968	1.0161
Net operating costs of production (US\$ per pound)	1.76	1.94	1.86	2.0
<i>Net operating costs of production</i>	55,099	41,865	111,718	78,188
Add offsite costs:				
Treatment and refining costs	7,287	4,085	14,989	7,497
Transportation costs	4,012	4,397	10,524	7,730
<i>Total operating costs</i>	66,398	50,347	137,231	93,415
Total operating costs (US\$ per pound)	2.12	2.34	2.28	2.39

Adjusted net earnings

Adjusted net earnings removes the effect of the following transactions from net earnings as reported under IFRS:

- Unrealized gains/losses on derivative instruments;
- Write down of marketable securities;
- Unrealized foreign currency gains/losses; and
- Non-recurring transactions, including non-recurring tax adjustments.

TASEKO MINES LIMITED

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Management believes these transactions do not reflect the underlying operating performance of our core mining business and are not necessarily indicative of future operating results. Furthermore, unrealized gains/losses on derivative instruments, changes in the fair value of financial instruments, and unrealized foreign currency gains/losses are not necessarily reflective of the underlying operating results for the reporting periods presented.

(\$ in thousands, except per share amounts)	Three months ended June 30,		Six months ended June 30,	
	2014	2013	2014	2013
Net (loss) earnings	2,628	(14,721)	(6,520)	(25,203)
Unrealized loss (gain) on derivatives	2,660	(4,830)	(84)	(6,815)
Unrealized foreign exchange (gains)/losses	(7,198)	6,526	1,282	9,753
Write down of marketable securities	419	4,363	419	13,750
Non-recurring other expenses (income)	-	-	-	(430)
Estimated tax effect of adjustments	(681)	(1,515)	22	(4,065)
Adjusted net earnings (loss)	(2,172)	(10,177)	(4,881)	(13,010)
Adjusted EPS	(0.01)	(0.05)	(0.03)	(0.07)

EBITDA and adjusted EBITDA

EBITDA represents net earnings before interest, income taxes, and depreciation. EBITDA is presented because it is an important supplemental measure of our performance and is frequently used by securities analysts, investors and other interested parties in the evaluation of companies in the industry, many of which present EBITDA when reporting their results. Issuers of "high yield" securities also present EBITDA because investors, analysts and rating agencies consider it useful in measuring the ability of those issuers to meet debt service obligations. The Company believes EBITDA is an appropriate supplemental measure of debt service capacity, because cash expenditures on interest are, by definition, available to pay interest, and tax expense is inversely correlated to interest expense because tax expense goes down as deductible interest expense goes up; depreciation is a non-cash charge.

Adjusted EBITDA is presented as a further supplemental measure of the Company's performance and ability to service debt. Adjusted EBITDA is prepared by adjusting EBITDA to eliminate the impact of a number of items that are not considered indicative of ongoing operating performance.

Adjusted EBITDA is calculated by adding to EBITDA certain items of expense and deducting from EBITDA certain items of income that are not likely to recur or are not indicative of the Company's future operating performance consisting of:

- Unrealized gains/losses on derivative instruments;
- Write down of marketable securities;
- Foreign currency translation gains/losses; and
- Non-recurring transactions.

While some of the adjustments are recurring gains/losses on the sale of marketable securities do not reflect the underlying performance of the Company's core mining business and are not necessarily indicative of future results. Furthermore, unrealized gains/losses on derivative instruments, foreign currency translation gains/losses and changes in the fair value of financial instruments are not necessarily reflective of the underlying operating results for the reporting periods presented.

TASEKO MINES LIMITED

Management's Discussion and Analysis

	Three months ended June 30,		Six months ended June 30,	
(Cdn\$ in thousands, except per share amounts)	2014	2013	2014	2013
Net earnings (loss)	2,628	(14,721)	(6,520)	(25,203)
Add:				
Depreciation	13,380	8,461	24,115	14,979
Amortization of stock based compensation	478	213	2,561	1,568
Finance expense	6,535	5,761	13,182	8,054
Interest income	(942)	(1,965)	(2,064)	(3,440)
Income tax expense (recovery)	1,257	80	920	1,547
EBITDA	23,336	(2,171)	32,194	(2,495)
Adjustments:				
Unrealized (gain)/loss on derivative instruments	2,660	(4,830)	(84)	(6,815)
Write-down of marketable securities	419	4,363	419	13,750
Non-recurring other expenses (income)	-	-	-	430
Foreign currency translation (gains) losses	(7,198)	6,526	1,282	9,753
Adjusted EBITDA	19,217	3,888	33,811	13,763

Earnings from mining operations before depletion and amortization

Earnings from mining operations before depletion and amortization is earnings from mining operations with depletion and amortization added back. The Company discloses this measure, which has been derived from our financial statements and applied on a consistent basis, to provide assistance in understanding the results of the Company's operations and financial position and it is meant to provide further information about the financial results to investors.

	Three months ended June 30,		Six months ended June 30,	
(Cdn\$ in thousands, except per share amounts)	2014	2013	2014	2013
Earnings from mining operations	13,334	4,592	22,121	17,806
Add:				
Depletion and amortization	13,331	8,331	23,983	14,710
Earnings from mining operations before depletion and amortization	26,665	12,923	46,104	32,516

TASEKO MINES LIMITED

Condensed Consolidated Interim Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss)

(Cdn\$ in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

(Unaudited)

		Three months ended June 30,		Six months ended June 30,	
		2014	2013	2014	2013
	Note				
Revenues	3	107,307	68,191	212,303	128,341
Cost of sales:	4				
Production costs		(80,642)	(55,268)	(166,199)	(95,825)
Depletion and amortization		(13,331)	(8,331)	(23,983)	(14,710)
Earnings from mining operations		13,334	4,592	22,121	17,806
General and administrative		(2,920)	(4,374)	(7,994)	(9,351)
Exploration and evaluation		(2,484)	(2,374)	(4,232)	(5,011)
Other income (expenses)	5	(3,817)	2,038	(1,650)	1,661
Write-down of marketable securities	6	(419)	(4,363)	(419)	(13,750)
Income (loss) before financing costs and income taxes		3,694	(4,481)	7,826	(8,645)
Finance expenses	7	(6,535)	(5,761)	(13,182)	(8,054)
Finance income	8	942	2,052	2,064	3,794
Foreign exchange gain (loss)		5,784	(6,451)	(2,308)	(10,751)
Income (loss) before income taxes		3,885	(14,641)	(5,600)	(23,656)
Income tax recovery (expense)	9	(1,257)	(80)	(920)	(1,547)
Net income (loss) for the period		2,628	(14,721)	(6,520)	(25,203)
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax:					
Unrealized income (loss) on available-for-sale financial assets		(1,473)	(581)	2,036	(3,141)
Reclassification for permanent impairment on available for sale financial assets, included in the net loss		-	-	-	8,213
Total other comprehensive income (loss) for the period		(1,473)	(581)	2,036	5,072
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the period		1,155	(15,302)	(4,484)	(20,131)
Earnings (loss) per share					
Basic		0.01	(0.08)	(0.03)	(0.13)
Diluted		0.01	(0.08)	(0.03)	(0.13)
Weighted average shares outstanding (thousands)					
Basic		194,855	192,197	194,285	191,632
Diluted		195,178	192,197	194,285	191,632

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

TASEKO MINES LIMITED

Condensed Consolidated Interim Statements of Cash Flows

(Cdn\$ in thousands)

(Unaudited)

		Three months ended June 30,		Six months ended June 30,	
		2014	2013	2014	2013
	Note				
Operating activities					
Net income (loss) for the period		2,628	(14,721)	(6,520)	(25,203)
Adjustments for:					
Depletion and amortization		13,380	8,461	24,115	14,979
Income tax expense (recovery)	9	1,257	80	920	1,547
Share-based compensation expense		478	213	2,561	1,568
Change in fair value of copper put options	5	4,161	(1,756)	3,079	(668)
Finance expenses (income)	7,8	5,592	5,201	11,117	5,190
Unrealized foreign exchange loss (gain)		(7,198)	6,437	1,282	10,577
Write-down of marketable securities	6	419	4,363	419	13,750
Other operating activities		(330)	1,004	(348)	901
Net change in non-cash working capital	17	(6,836)	16,449	227	(654)
Cash provided by (used for) operating activities		13,551	25,731	36,852	21,987
Investing activities					
Purchase of property, plant and equipment		(6,448)	(18,375)	(12,092)	(72,117)
Investment in financial assets		-	(1,662)	(8,109)	(1,677)
Interest received		79	780	171	942
Proceeds from sale of financial assets		-	20,050	-	20,050
Investment in long-term prepaids		-	(1,350)	-	(5,100)
Other investing activities		-	(196)	-	(412)
Cash provided by (used for) investing activities		(6,369)	(753)	(20,030)	(58,314)
Financing activities					
Repayment of debt		(7,953)	(5,520)	(14,095)	(10,593)
Interest paid		(9,399)	(8,766)	(10,405)	(9,582)
Common shares issued for cash		2,094	1,620	2,574	1,949
Proceeds from debt issuance		-	10,733	-	11,330
Cash provided by (used for) financing activities		(15,258)	(1,933)	(21,926)	(6,896)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and equivalents		(1,263)	1,306	(400)	1,724
Increase (decrease) in cash and equivalents		(9,339)	24,351	(5,504)	(41,499)
Cash and equivalents, beginning of period		86,700	69,145	82,865	134,995
Cash and equivalents, end of period		77,361	93,496	77,361	93,496

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

TASEKO MINES LIMITED

Condensed Consolidated Interim Balance Sheets

(Cdn\$ in thousands)

(Unaudited)

	Note	June 30, 2014	December 31, 2013
ASSETS			
Current assets			
Cash and equivalents		77,361	82,865
Accounts receivable		28,296	4,532
Other financial assets	10	60,235	69,729
Inventories	11	35,467	47,174
Current tax receivable		19,003	18,284
Prepays		7,320	6,354
		227,682	228,938
Other financial assets	10	39,014	38,272
Property, plant and equipment	12	691,502	678,580
Prepays		7,920	10,543
Other receivables		15,985	13,895
		982,103	970,228
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		38,528	26,864
Current portion of long-term debt	14	24,628	22,625
Interest payable		3,446	3,435
Other financial liabilities	13	48,576	63,985
		115,178	116,909
Long-term debt	14	255,744	259,515
Other financial liabilities	13	244	565
Provision for environmental rehabilitation ("PER")		85,356	69,673
Deferred tax liabilities		98,666	97,350
		555,188	544,012
EQUITY			
Share capital	15	376,382	372,274
Contributed surplus		39,582	38,507
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) ("AOCI")		6,979	4,943
Retained earnings		3,972	10,492
		426,915	426,216
		982,103	970,228

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

TASEKO MINES LIMITED

Condensed Consolidated Interim Statements of Changes in Equity

(Cdn\$ in thousands)

(Unaudited)

	Share capital	Contributed surplus	AOCI	Retained earnings	Total
Balance at January 1, 2013	368,128	37,487	(5,365)	45,331	445,581
Exercise of options	2,922	(972)	-	-	1,950
Share-based compensation	-	1,309	-	-	1,309
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the period	-	-	5,072	(25,203)	(20,131)
Balance at June 30, 2013	371,050	37,824	(293)	20,128	428,709
Balance at January 1, 2014	372,274	38,507	4,943	10,492	426,216
Exercise of options	4,108	(1,534)	-	-	2,574
Share-based compensation	-	2,609	-	-	2,609
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the period	-	-	2,036	(6,520)	(4,484)
Balance at June 30, 2014	376,382	39,582	6,979	3,972	426,915

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

TASEKO MINES LIMITED

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

(Cdn\$ in thousands - unaudited)

1. REPORTING ENTITY

Taseko Mines Limited (the Company) is a corporation governed by the *British Columbia Business Corporations Act*. The unaudited consolidated interim financial statements of the Company as at and for the period ended June 30, 2014 comprise the Company, its subsidiaries and its 75% interest in the Gibraltar joint arrangement since its formation on March 31, 2010. The Company is principally engaged in the production and sale of metals, as well as related activities including exploration and mine development, within the province of British Columbia. Seasonality does not have a significant impact on the Company's operations.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(a) *Statement of compliance*

These condensed consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with IAS 34, *Interim Financial Reporting* and follow the same accounting policies and methods of application as the Company's most recent annual financial statements. These condensed consolidated interim financial statements do not include all of the information required for full consolidated annual financial statements and should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements of the Company as at and for the year ended December 31, 2013 prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB).

These condensed consolidated interim financial statements were authorized for issue by the Board on July 28, 2014.

(b) *Changes in accounting policies and disclosures*

IAS 32 Financial instruments: presentation (IAS 32)

The Company adopted IAS 32 on January 1, 2014. IAS 32 establishes principles for presenting financial instruments as liabilities or equity and for offsetting financial assets and financial liabilities.

Based on the Company's analysis, IAS 32 did not have an impact on the consolidated financial statements for the current period or prior periods presented.

IFRIC Interpretation 21 Levies (IFRIC 21)

IFRIC 21 clarifies that an entity recognizes a liability for a levy when the activity that triggers payment, as identified by the relevant legislation, occurs. For a levy that is triggered upon reaching a minimum threshold, the Interpretation clarifies that no liability should be anticipated before the specified minimum threshold is reached. Based on the Company's analysis, IFRIC 21 did not have an impact on the consolidated financial statements for the current period or prior periods presented.

TASEKO MINES LIMITED

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements
(Cdn\$ in thousands - unaudited)

3. REVENUE

	Three months ended June 30,		Six months ended June 30,	
	2014	2013	2014	2013
Copper concentrate	94,755	64,911	193,649	121,337
Copper cathode	1,421	-	1,421	33
Total copper sales	96,176	64,911	195,070	121,370
Molybdenum concentrate	10,084	2,517	15,174	5,252
Silver contained in copper concentrate	1,047	763	2,059	1,719
	107,307	68,191	212,303	128,341

4. COST OF SALES

	Three months ended June 30,		Six months ended June 30,	
	2014	2013	2014	2013
Direct mining costs	66,230	45,145	128,951	85,159
Treatment and refining costs	7,287	4,085	14,989	7,497
Transportation costs	4,012	4,397	10,524	7,730
Changes in inventories of finished goods and work in process	3,113	1,641	11,735	(4,561)
Production costs	80,642	55,268	166,199	95,825
Depletion and amortization	13,331	8,331	23,983	14,710
Cost of sales	93,973	63,599	190,182	110,535

Cost of sales consists of direct mining costs, which include personnel costs, mine site supervisory costs, non-capitalized stripping costs, repair & maintenance costs, depletion and amortization, operating supplies and external services.

5. OTHER EXPENSES (INCOME)

	Three months ended June 30,		Six months ended June 30,	
	2014	2013	2014	2013
Realized loss on copper derivative instruments	1,501	3,074	3,163	6,147
Unrealized loss (gain) on copper derivative instruments	2,660	(4,830)	(84)	(6,815)
Management fee income	(282)	(282)	(563)	(563)
Other income	(62)	-	(866)	(430)
	3,817	(2,038)	1,650	(1,661)

6. MARKETABLE SECURITIES

During the period ended June 30, 2014, the Company reviewed the value of its marketable securities and subscription receipts for objective evidence of impairment based on both quantitative and qualitative criteria and

TASEKO MINES LIMITED

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

(Cdn\$ in thousands - unaudited)

determined that a write down was required. Accordingly, the Company recorded a pre-tax charge of \$419 in profit or loss for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2014 to reflect this write down (2013: \$4,363 and \$13,750 respectively for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2013).

7. FINANCE EXPENSES

	Three months ended June 30,		Six months ended June 30,	
	2014	2013	2014	2013
Interest expense	6,018	5,261	12,194	7,003
Accretion on PER	517	500	988	1,051
	6,535	5,761	13,182	8,054

8. FINANCE INCOME

	Three months ended June 30,		Six months ended June 30,	
	2014	2013	2014	2013
Interest income	942	1,952	2,064	3,393
Realized income on dual currency deposits	-	87	-	354
Gain on sale of marketable securities	-	13	-	47
	942	2,052	2,064	3,794

9. INCOME TAX EXPENSE (RECOVERY)

	Three months ended June 30,		Six months ended June 30,	
	2014	2013	2014	2013
Current expense (recovery)	143	(7,695)	(91)	(7,395)
Deferred expense (recovery)	1,114	7,775	1,011	8,942
	1,257	80	920	1,547

10. OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS

	June 30, 2014	December 31, 2013
Current:		
Copper put option contracts (note 18)	599	1,295
Marketable securities – available for sale	11,447	4,951
Red Mile Promissory Note	48,189	63,483
	60,235	69,729
Long-term:		
Subscription receipts – available for sale	12,400	12,400
Reclamation deposits	26,614	25,872
	39,014	38,272

TASEKO MINES LIMITED

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements
(Cdn\$ in thousands - unaudited)

11. INVENTORIES

	June 30, 2014	December 31, 2013
Work in process	1,010	1,250
Finished goods:		
Copper contained in concentrate	8,413	20,049
Copper cathode	447	-
Molybdenum concentrate	553	859
Materials and supplies	25,044	25,016
	35,467	47,174

12. PROPERTY, PLANT & EQUIPMENT

During the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2014, the company capitalized stripping costs of \$4,505 and \$7,847, acquired mining property, plant and equipment of \$2,892 and \$16,743 and incurred depletion and amortization in mining operations of \$13,380 and \$24,115. The rehabilitation cost asset increased by \$10,982 and \$15,299 respectively, as a result of changes in estimates during the period including market driven discount rate changes.

13. OTHER FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

	June 30, 2014	December 31, 2013
Current:		
Red Mile royalty obligation	48,532	63,854
Deferred revenue – Red Mile royalty obligation	44	131
	48,576	63,985
Long-term:		
Income tax obligations	-	272
Deferred share units	244	293
	244	565

14. DEBT

	June 30, 2014		December 31, 2013	
	Carrying Value	Fair Value	Carrying Value	Fair Value
Current:				
Capital leases	18,108	18,129	13,674	13,036
Secured equipment loans	6,520	6,728	8,951	8,899
	24,628	24,857	22,625	21,935

TASEKO MINES LIMITED

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

(Cdn\$ in thousands - unaudited)

Long-term:				
Senior notes	209,369	213,637	208,349	211,540
Capital leases	31,223	31,259	33,138	31,592
Secured equipment loans	15,152	15,636	18,028	17,926
	255,744	260,532	259,515	261,058

All debt instruments are classified as a level 2 financial instrument (note 20).

15. EQUITY

(a) Share capital

(thousands of shares)	Common shares
Common shares outstanding at January 1, 2014	193,382
Exercise of share options	1,618
Common shares outstanding at June 30, 2014	195,000

The Company's authorized share capital consists of an unlimited number of common shares with no par value.

(b) Share-Based Compensation

During the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2014, the Company granted 145,000 and 3,963,000 share options to employees. These options have a weighted-average exercise price of \$2.38 and \$2.27 per share option with a term of 3 to 5 years and vest in equal amounts over two years. The weighted-average fair value of the share options issued was estimated at \$0.96 and \$1.07 per share option using the Black Scholes Option Pricing Model with the following assumptions:

	Three Months Ended, June 30, 2014	Six Months Ended, June 30, 2014
Weighted Average Forfeiture Rate (%)	-	-
Weighted Average Market Price	2.37	2.26
Weighted Average Volatility (%)	48.85	55.39
Weighted Average Risk Free Interest Rate (%)	1.43	1.63
Weighted Average Dividend Yield (%)	-	-
Weighted Average Expected Life (years)	4.38	4.72

The Company has adopted a Deferred Share Unit ("DSU") Plan (the "DSU Plan") for non-employee directors, effective February 15, 2013. The DSU Plan provides for an annual grant to each non-employee director of the Company, or an equivalent cash payment in lieu thereof, which participants have agreed would in first instance be used to assist in complying with the Company's share ownership guidelines. DSUs vest immediately upon grant and are paid out in cash when a participant ceases to be a director of the Company.

During the first quarter of 2014, the Company issued 66,079 DSUs to directors (2013: 133,333). The DSUs were valued at \$2.27 (2013: \$3.18) per unit based upon the underlying share price at grant date and are fair valued based upon the market price every period end. The total number of deferred and restricted share units

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outstanding at June 30, 2014 was 99,371 units (2013: 133,333). A loss of \$50 and \$190 has been recognized for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2014 respectively (2013: \$118 gain, \$259 loss).

16. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

(a) Commitments

At June 30, 2014, the Company's share of capital and operating commitments totaled \$3,413 and \$7,866 respectively.

(b) Contingencies

The Company has guaranteed 100% of certain debt entered into by the Gibraltar Joint Venture in which it holds a 75% interest. As at June 30, 2014, this debt totaled \$65,775 on a 100% basis. The Company has also guaranteed its share of additional debt totaling \$21,672 on a 75% basis.

17. SUPPLEMENTARY CASH FLOW INFORMATION

	Three months ended June 30,		Six months ended June 30,	
	2014	2013	2014	2013
Change in non-cash working capital items				
Accounts receivable	(10,704)	14,430	(23,764)	5,186
Inventories	3,012	(2,958)	11,707	(11,759)
Prepays	(67)	1,369	1,657	(1,779)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	1,517	7,256	11,529	7,491
Interest payable	(144)	(3,838)	(2)	167
Income tax (paid)/received	(450)	190	(900)	40
	(6,836)	16,449	227	(654)
Non-cash investing and financing activities				
Assets acquired under capital lease	-	10,043	11,106	19,915
Interest earned on promissory note	(699)	(895)	(1,489)	(1,832)
Interest expense on royalty obligation	731	191	1,462	382
Royalty obligation settled by promissory note	-	-	(16,784)	(10,820)

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18. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

Summary of derivatives

	Notional amount	Strike price	Term to maturity	Fair value
At June 30, 2014				
<i>Commodity contracts</i>				
Copper put option contracts	14.56 million lbs	US\$3.00	Q3 2014	271
Copper put option contracts	14.60 million lbs	US\$2.75	Q4 2014	328
				599

19. RELATED PARTIES

Related party transactions

	Transaction value for the three months ended June 30,		Transaction value for the six months ended June 30	
	2014	2013	2014	2013
Hunter Dickinson Services Inc.:				
General and administrative expenses	740	566	1,340	967
Exploration and evaluation expenses	241	313	467	428
	981	879	1,807	1,395
Gibraltar joint venture:				
Other operating income (management fee)	281	282	563	563
Reimbursable compensation expenses	191	66	241	111
	472	348	804	674
			Balance due from (to) as at June 30,	
			2014	2013
Hunter Dickinson Services Inc.			(164)	(76)
Gibraltar Joint Venture			913	112

Hunter Dickinson Services Inc. (HDSI) is a private company, which employs some members of the executive management of the Company and invoices the Company for their executive services as well as other services.

Under the terms of the joint venture operating agreement, the Gibraltar Joint Venture pays the Company a management fee for services rendered by the Company as operator of the Gibraltar mine. In addition, the Company pays certain expenses on behalf of the Gibraltar Joint Venture and invoices the Joint Venture for these expenses.

During the three month period ended March 31, 2014, the Company invested an additional \$5,000 in Curis Resources Ltd., a public company that holds mineral property interests, with one director in common with the Company.

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20. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value hierarchy establishes three levels to classify the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value, by reference to the reliability of the inputs used to estimate the fair values.

Level 1 – quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;

Level 2 – inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e., as prices) or indirectly (i.e., derived from prices); and

Level 3 – inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

The Company has certain financial assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis and uses the fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value, with Level 1 inputs having the highest priority.

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
June 30, 2014				
<i>Financial assets designated at FVTPL</i>				
Copper put option contracts	-	599	-	599
<i>Available-for-sale financial assets</i>				
Marketable securities	11,447	-	-	11,447
Subscription receipts	-	-	12,400	12,400
Reclamation deposits	26,614	-	-	26,614
	38,061	599	12,400	51,060
December 31, 2013				
<i>Financial assets designated at FVTPL</i>				
Copper put option contracts	-	1,295	-	1,295
<i>Available-for-sale financial assets</i>				
Marketable securities	4,951	-	-	4,951
Subscription receipts	-	-	12,400	12,400
Reclamation deposits	25,872	-	-	25,872
	30,823	1,295	12,400	44,518

There have been no transfers between fair value levels during the reporting period. The carrying value of cash and equivalents, accounts receivable and payable approximate their fair value as at June 30, 2014.

The senior notes, a level 1 instrument, are valued based upon publicly available information. The capital leases and secured equipment loans, level 2 instruments, are fair valued through discounting future cash flows at a rate of 5.28% to 5.37% based on the relevant loans effective interest rate.

The fair values of the level 2 instruments, copper put option contracts and capped floating rate notes, are based on broker quotes. Similar contracts are traded in an active market and the broker quotes reflect the actual transactions in similar instruments.

The subscription receipts, a level 3 instrument, are initially valued based on a purchase transaction. Subsequent valuations are based on a market approach using prices generated by market transactions involving comparable assets. In addition, the Company considers exploration results specific to the investment, which are communicated through discussions with the investee's management.